

## Q4 & FY 2022 RESULTS

Investor presentation – January 16, 2023

As required under the indenture governing the €370.000.000 5.375% Senior Secured Notes and the €250.000.000 Floating Rate Senior Secured Notes for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022.



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This document acts as support for the results' presentations to investors; the audited financial statements are communicated in appendix and this document should hence be read in conjunction therewith.

## Basis of preparation of the financial information presented

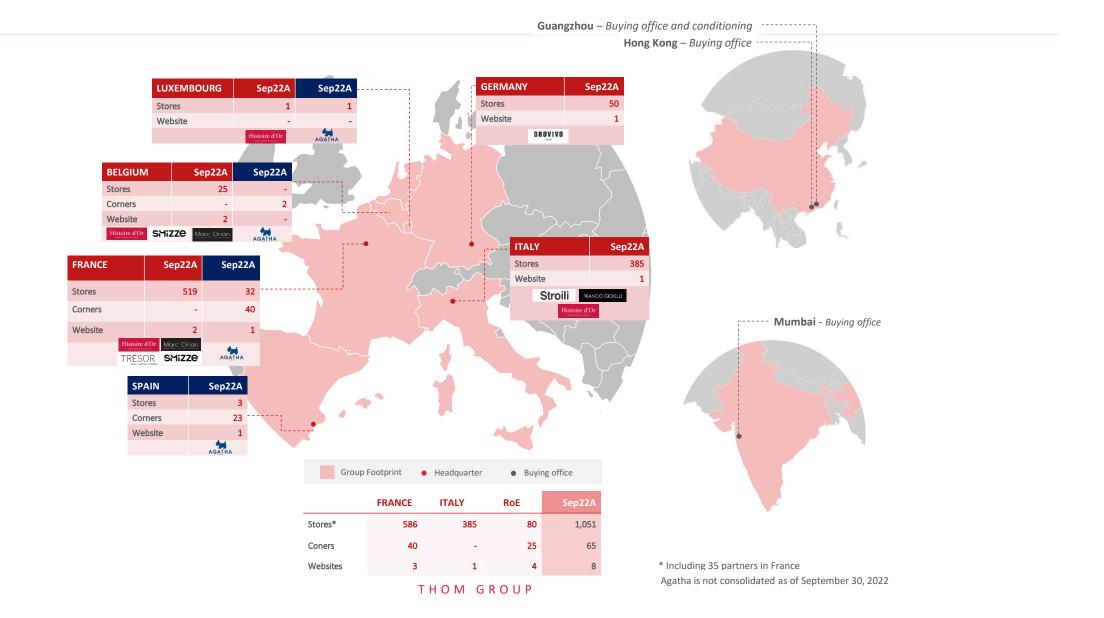
The information presented is based on Thom Group S.A.S. audited consolidated and management accounts for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. They have been prepared in accordance with French Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("French GAAP"), which differ in certain significant respects from International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). We have not included in this presentation a reconciliation of our financial statements to IFRS.

This presentation contains certain data that constitutes "non-French GAAP financial measures", including the following:

- Reported EBITDA represents net income (loss) attributable to owners of the Company excluding (i) net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests, (ii) goodwill amortization, (iii) income tax, (iv) financial income and expense, (v) the change in depreciation, amortization and provisions net of provision reversals, (vi) the contribution of the stores closed during the period, (vii) the cotisation sur la valeur ajoutée des entreprises ("CVAE"), and (viii) non-recurring income and expenses, corresponding to all items that are not directly related to our operations or core businesses and that are deemed by management to be non-recurring by their nature, including rental or personnel expenses incurred by stores prior to their opening or during renovation works (if such renovation work results in the long-term closure of the store during the renovation).
- Adjusted EBITDA corresponds to Reported EBITDA adjusted for (i) the full year effect of openings defined in "PF adjustments", (ii) cost savings from certain Group reorganizations and (iii) certain COVID-19 pandemic relating to rent reductions negotiated with landlords for the lockdowns that occurred in 2021, received in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.
- **PF adjustments** corresponds to the 12 months contribution of openings based on an extrapolation of actual performance less actual contribution since the acquisition.
- Adjusted Free Cash Flow represents free cash flows less (i) refurbishment and expansion capital expenditure, (ii) change in working capital of fixed assets, (iii) sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, and (iv) tangible assets in progress related to the "Shine 2020" project (SAP and IT-related project).
- Network Sales represents the apportionment of our network sales among France, Italy and Rest of Europe through all sales channels operated by the Group (i.e., our stores, e-commerce platforms, sales to our affiliated partners and wholesale business).
- Gross margin represents the sum of our total in-store sales, revenue from the sale of gold, proceeds from insurance for theft and rebates re-invoiced to our suppliers, net of our total cost of goods sold.
- Network Contribution represents the sum of our gross margin and our total network direct costs.
- ▼ Like-for-like stores include the stores that were open for the entire duration of the two periods being compared and exclude stores opened or closed during those periods.
- Free Cash Flow conversion rate is defined as free cash flow as reported in our financial statements, divided by Reported EBITDA generated during the period.
- Net Debt represents our total senior financial debt net of cash on balance sheet.
- → Pro forma EBITDA, Pro forma Net Debt, Pro forma Free Cash Flow, Adjusted PF Free Cash Flow correspond respectively to Reported EBITDA, Net Debt, Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow but at the Issuer level, Goldstory, rather than at the Company level, Thom Group.

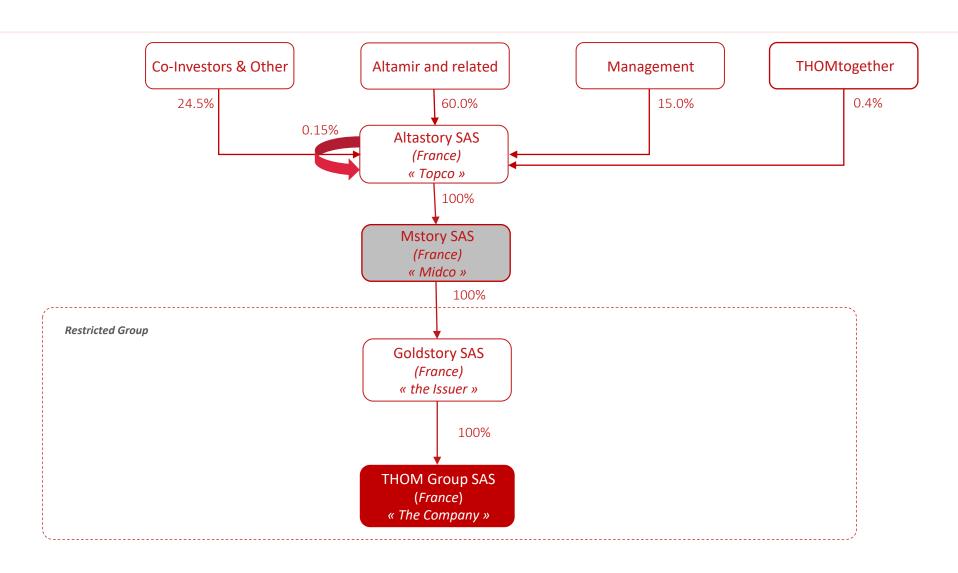


## Group Geographic footprint



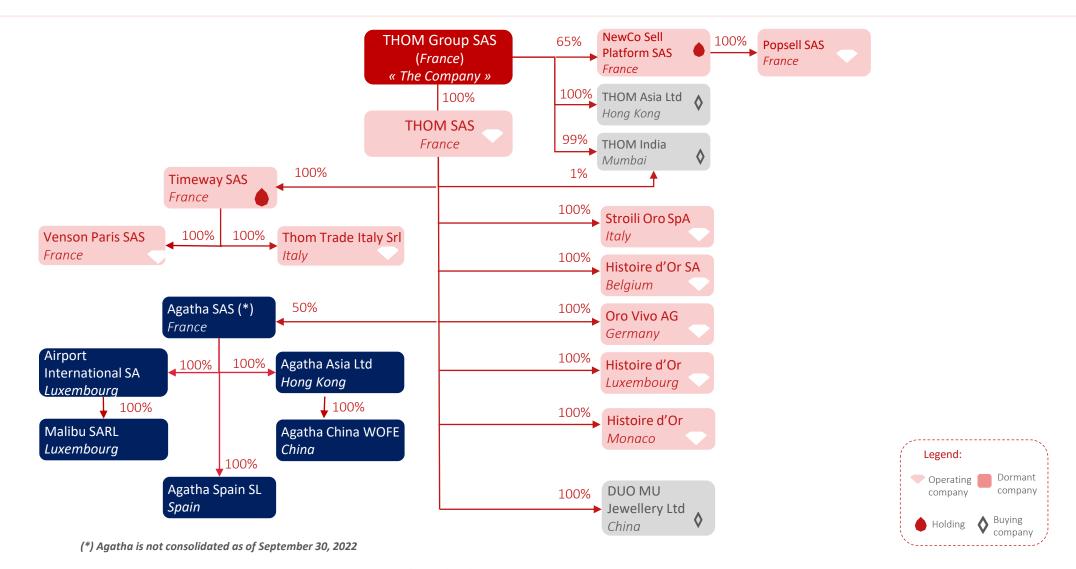


## Structure of the shareholding as of September 30, 2022





## Structure of the operating Group as of September 30, 2022





## Todays' presenters



**Stroili** 



**AGATHA** 

Marc Orian

FRANCO GIOIELLI



**SMIZZE** 

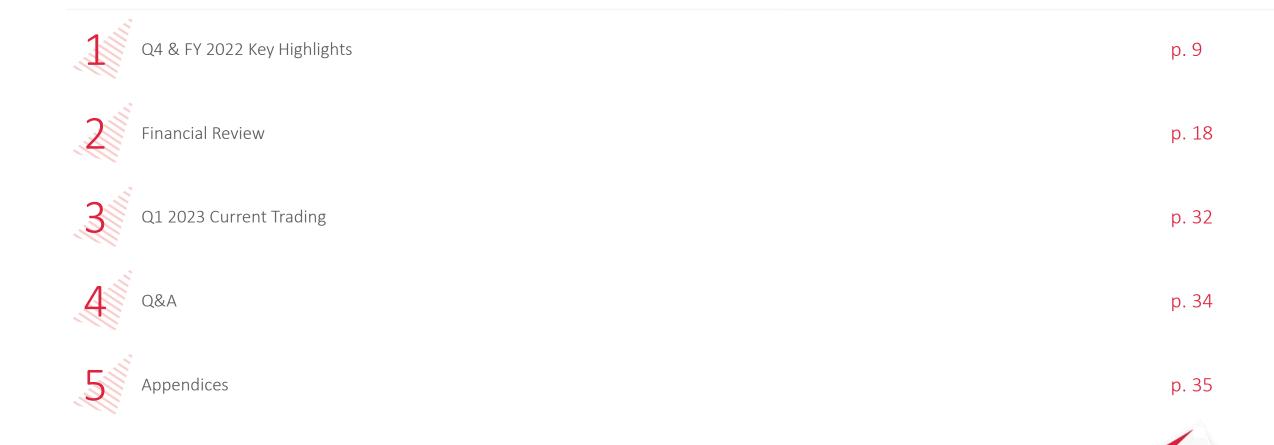


Romain Peninque
Group CEO



**Cyrille Palitzyne**Group CFO





## 1 Q4 & FY 2022 Key Highlights





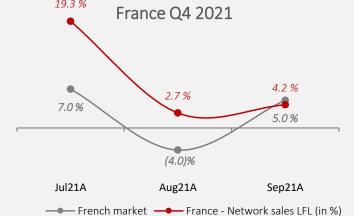
### Q4 2022 Market Environment

Q4 2021 was exceptionally high and doing better was challenging: France and Italy had significantly exceeded their respective markets benefiting more than competitors from the reopening of stores in May. Q4 2022 results are remarkable as the comparison with market must be assessed cumulatively of the two years.



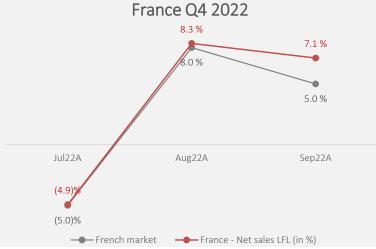
Variation of Network sales on a Like for Like basis in Q4 2021, vs. Q4 2020 vs. market (France) / traffic (Italy)

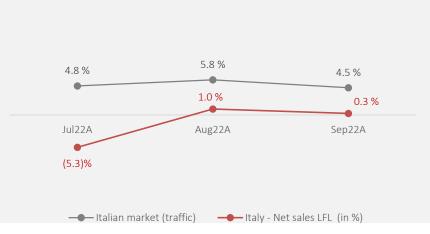
19.3 % Italy Q4 2021





Variation of Network sales on a Like for Like basis in Q4 2022, vs. Q4 2021 vs. market (France) / traffic (Italy)

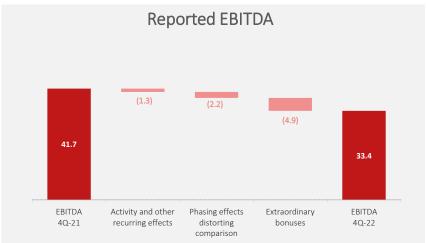


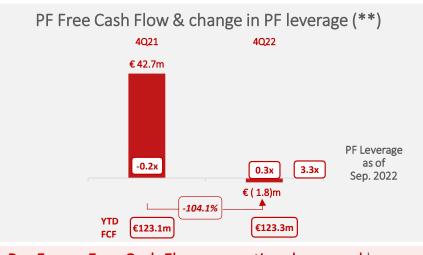


Italy Q4 2022

Q4 2022 at a glance Limited but remarkable network sales development after a very strong Q4 2021 (+14% vs. Q4 2020). EBITDA decrease of €8.3m reduced to €1.4m after the restatement of phasing effects due to Covid19 in 2021 and extraordinary bonuses in 2022.







Increase in network sales with €201.0m in Q4 2022, representing an increase of 3.2% vs. Q4 2021, with a store network fully open in both Q4 2022 and Q4 2021.

Doing better than Q4 2021, which was an exceptional quarter, was challenging. In this respect Q4 2022 is a strong achievement.

France benefited from an increase in brand attractiveness and the development of omnichannel sales. Italy benefited from a reorganization of the salesforce, the development of a new offering, and a new brand positioning.

Decrease in reported EBITDA of €8.3m as compared to Q4 2021 mainly explained by (i) a phasing effect of €(2.2)m due to Covid 19 in 2021 related notably to the positive effect of a subsidy confirmed in Q4 2021 for a higher amount than provision, and by extraordinary bonuses of €(4.9)m provisioned in 4Q 2022 (none in 4Q 2021) due to the extraordinary performance in FY2022.

Restated from these two effects the decrease in EBITDA of  $\in$  (1.3)m mainly stems from the investment in Marketing for the new Histoire d'Or positioning campaign ( $\in$  (1)m), and to inflation.

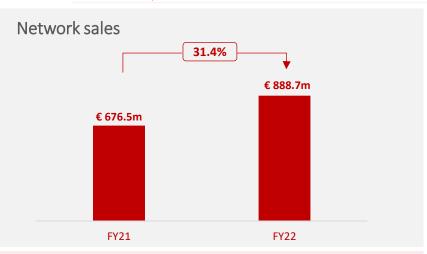
Pro Forma Free Cash Flow generation decreased by €44.4m mainly due to (i) lower EBITDA for €(8)m, (ii) to the anticipation of Christmas inventory and to the building of a security stock in Q4 2022 to avoid potential supply and delivery issues for c. €(15)m, (iii) to Covid-19 related items for €(9)m and (iv) to the return to a normative level of Capex for c. €(9)m.

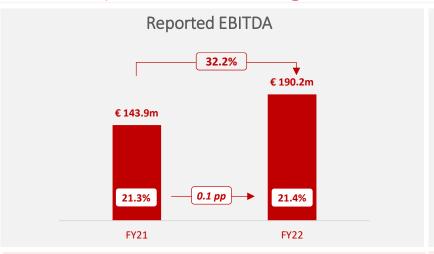
Pro Forma leverage as of September 30, 2022 of 3.3x is related to the net debt at Goldstory S.A.S level, an increase of 0.3x vs. June, 2022 due to the payment of dividend to Altastory S.A.S. of €50.0m in August 2022.

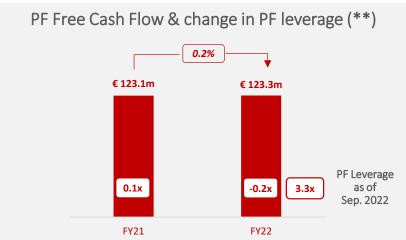
(\*\*) Goldstory Proforma Net Financial Debt / Adjusted PF EBITDA

## FY 2022 at a glance

Network sales development, driven by the attractiveness of our brands in a context of limited sanitary constraints (vs. 29% stores closed in FY 2021) resulted in a significant development of EBITDA.







Strong increase in network sales with €888.7m in FY 2022, representing an increase of 31.4% vs. FY 2021, with a store network fully open this year and closed at 29% in FY2021.

The increase was mainly due to the limited sanitary constraints compared to FY 2021 and to store sales growth at a higher pace than market. France benefited from an increase in brand attractiveness and the development of omnichannel sales (+21% inventory 2.0 vs. last year). Italy benefited from a reorganization of the salesforce, the development of a new offering, and a new brand positioning.

Significant increase in reported EBITDA of €46.3m as compared to FY 2021. The group achieved a strong increase in EBITDA benefiting from a limited impact of Covid-19 restrictions (network fully open in FY 2022 compared to a network closed 29% of the time in FY 2021) and from a strong embedded growth both in France and Italy.

This very good performance was made possible due to a continuous focus on profitability which allowed the Group to reach a 21.4% EBITDA rate as a percentage of Network Sales in FY 2022.

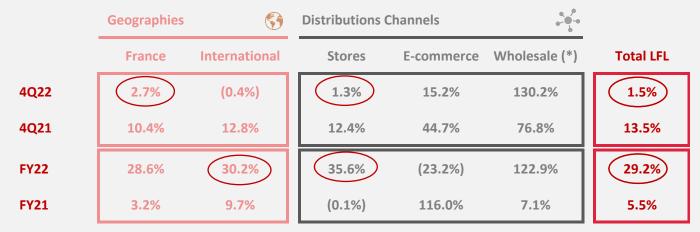
Pro Forma leverage as of September 30, 2022 of 3.3x is related to the net debt at Goldstory S.A.S level, a decrease of -0.2x vs. September, 2021 despite the payment of dividends to Altastory S.A.S. for €110.6m as of June 30, 2022 and for €50.0m as of August, 30, 2022.

(\*\*) Goldstory Proforma Net Financial Debt / Adjusted PF EBITDA

## Q4 2022/ FY 2022 Commercial performance summary

The Group achieved a good performance in Q4 2022 after a very a strong Q4 2021 (+14% vs. Q4 2020). FY 2022 performance at +29% was explained by limited Covid-19 restrictions (vs. network closed last year 29% in FY 2021) and to the strong embedded growth of stores. E-Commerce resisted well with a decrease limited to -23% in FY 2022 after a +116% increase in FY 2021.

Quarter variation, compared to same periods in the last two years, in percentage of network sales on a like-for-like basis



(\*) full perimeter for wholesale activity, standalone LFL wholesale performance is irrelevant for QTD and FY



## Q4 2022/ FY 2022 Commercial Performance – Focus on Stores

Stores Network sales strong increase by 35.6% in FY 2022 due to a limited impact from the COVID-19 pandemic and to the embedded sales growth of stores across the board



Stores P&L – LFL perimeter – Q4 2021, Q4 2022 and FY 2021, FY 2022

In €m	4Q21	4Q22	Var. %	FY21	FY22	Var. %
France	104.7	106.8	2.0%	362.2	494.6	36.5%
Italy	62.1	61.8	-0.6%	186.3	248.8	33.5%
RoE	10.6	11.3	6.0%	34.5	47.3	37.0%
Network sales - Stores	177.5	179.8	1.3%	583.1	790.6	35.6%
France	43.0	34.4	-20.0%	136.5	175.2	28.3%
Italy	15.2	16.7	10.3%	47.5	73.6	54.9%
RoE	1.4	2.8	102.0%	6.6	12.7	91.5%
Network Contribution - Stores	59.6	53.9	-9.4%	190.7	261.5	37.1%
KPI - Network Contribution rate - Store	s					
France	41.0%	32.2%	(8.9)pp	37.7%	35.4%	(2.3)pp
Italy	24.4%	27.1%	2.7 pp	25.5%	29.6%	4.1 pp
RoE	13.2%	25.3%	12.0 pp	19.2%	26.9%	7.6 pp
Group	33.6%	30.0%	(3.6)pp	32.7%	33.1%	0.4 pp

Network sales in Store strong increase due to a limited impact from the COVID-19 pandemic (network fully open in FY 2022 compared to 29% stores closed in FY 2021) and to the embedded growth of stores across the board:

Increase in our Network contribution margin in Italy and Rest of Europe is mostly due to the very good performance of stores in Q4 and FY 2022 and to a strong ongoing focus on cost efficiency. In France, decrease in contribution is mainly explained by €(5)m phasing effects (due to Covid19 in FY 2021), extraordinary direct staff bonuses of €(1.5)m (Macron bonus) and a reduced cost structure in Q4 2021 compared to a more normative cost structure in Q4 2022.

## Q4 2022/ FY 2022 Commercial Performance – Focus on Stores

Slight decrease in the number of stores with lower owned stores footprint and an increase in affiliated stores.



Stores Network bridge – September 2021 to September 2022

			Owned	Affiliated	Total	Agatha	Agatha	Total
France	Italy	RoE	stores	Stores	stores (*)	Stores	Corners	network
519	397	78	994	28	1,022	n.c	n.c	1,022
3	4	2	9	7	16			16
						36	65	101
(3)	(16)	(4)	(23)	0	(23)			(23)
519	385	76	980	35	1,015	36	65	1,116
	<b>519</b> 3 (3)	519 397 3 4 (3) (16)	519     397     78       3     4     2       (3)     (16)     (4)	France         Italy         RoE         stores           519         397         78         994           3         4         2         9           (3)         (16)         (4)         (23)	France         Italy         RoE         stores         Stores           519         397         78         994         28           3         4         2         9         7           (3)         (16)         (4)         (23)         0	France         Italy         RoE         stores         Stores         stores (*)           519         397         78         994         28         1,022           3         4         2         9         7         16           (3)         (16)         (4)         (23)         0         (23)	France         Italy         RoE         stores         Stores         stores (*)         Stores           519         397         78         994         28         1,022         n.c           3         4         2         9         7         16         36           (3)         (16)         (4)         (23)         0         (23)	France         Italy         RoE         stores         Stores         stores (*)         Stores         Corners           519         397         78         994         28         1,022         n.c         n.c           3         4         2         9         7         16         36         65           (3)         (16)         (4)         (23)         0         (23)         (23)

<sup>(\*)</sup> stores that are consolidated as of September 30, 2022/ Agatha stores and corners non consolidated

Continuous development of the Network in key locations with low ROI, continuous focus on Network profitability

Stores Network in FY 2022 remained fairly stable in number of stores with:

- ◆ Stable number of stores for the network (excluding Agatha) explained by two offsetting effects: a lower number of owned stores and an increase in the number of affiliated stores.
- Agatha's network comprising of 36 stores and 65 corners across 4 countries (Agatha is not consolidated as of September 30, 2022);



## Q4 2022 / FY 2022 Commercial Performance – Focus on E-Commerce

E-commerce limited decrease of -23% in FY 2022 in a tough market environment (-30%) after an increase of +116% in FY 2021 vs. FY 2020.



E-Commerce P&L – Q4 2021, Q4 2022 and FY 2021, FY 2022

In €m	4Q21	4Q22	Var. %	FY21	FY22	Var. %
France	7.0	8.0	14.3%	54.8	41.4	-24.4%
Italy	1.2	1.4	16.0%	8.1	6.1	-24.1%
RoE	0.3	0.4	34.4%	1.2	1.7	37.4%
Network sales - Ecommerce	8.5	9.8	15.2%	64.1	49.2	-23.2%
France	2.6	3.1	20.7%	23.3	15.6	-33.1%
Italy	(0.1)	0.1	-242.6%	1.2	0.7	-42.7%
RoE	0.0	0.0	6.7%	0.7	0.2	-65.4%
Network Contribution - Ecom.	2.5	3.2	28.2%	25.2	16.5	-34.4%
KPI - Network Contribution rate - Ecor	nmerce					
France	36.9%	38.9%	2.1 pp	42.5%	37.6%	(4.9)pp
Italy	-5.9%	7.2%	13.1 pp	15.4%	11.6%	(3.8)pp
RoE	8.1%	6.4%	(1.7)pp	55.1%	13.9%	(41.2)pp
Group	29.7%	33.1%	3.4 pp	39.3%	33.5%	(5.8)pp

The Group continue to work on its digitalization via the e-commerce but also via other channels like click&collect, ship-from-store, e-reservations... In FY 2022, the Group managed to limit e-commerce network sales decrease to -23% in a tough market environment (-30%) mainly explained by the strong lockdown restrictions in FY 2021 (29% of the network closed) which boosted e-commerce sales last year.

The level of digital sales is diluted by the strong recovery of stores but remains at a good level of 8% of network sales in France in FY 2022.

## Recent developments

Acquisition of the remaining 50% of Agatha, New brand platform for Histoire d'Or, Acquisition of Clyda & Scooter brands.



#### Acquisition of the remaining 50% of Agatha

On December 16, 2022, GOLDSTORY, via its subsidiary THOM, purchased the remaining 50% shares of Agatha to RENAISSANCE LUXURY GROUP.

THOM has strong ambition for AGATHA and wishes to give back to this emblematic brand of French jewelry, all its superb and its influence in France and internationally.



#### New Histoire d'Or Campaign

The group launched in October 2022 a new positioning campaign for the Histoire d'Or brand with a strong national poster campaign (6 300 street furniture faces of 2m<sup>2</sup>).

The Histoire d'Or monogram was changed as well to remind of the punch that is affix to metal to attest its preciousness.

Finally, Histoire d'Or website was redesigned according to the new Histoire d'Or brand platform.



#### Acquisition of Clyda and Scooter brands

On December 21, 2022, Venson S.A.S. was appointed by the Paris Commercial Court for the takeover of Clyda and Scooter brands for €0.2m, formerly owned by The Watch Connection (TWC).

Clyda, a French watch brand, and Scooter, a French jewellery brand, will be managed by the French division of our wholesale activity (Venson S.A.S.)

## 2 Financial Review





## Q4 2022 / FY 2022 Financial Review – Key Highlights

Strong financial performance in FY 2022 with network fully open compared to a 29% of stores closed on average in FY 2021.

#### Other Financial, Operating and As Adjusted Information

	Fou	rth Quarte	r	Year-to-Date			
In €m	2021	2022	Var. %	2021	2022	Var. %	
Network sales (1)	194.8	201.0	3.2%	676.5	888.7	31.4%	
% like-for-like change	13.5%	1.5%	(12.0)pp	5.7%	29.2%	23.5 pp	
Gross Margin	131.3	141.9	8.1%	469.2	617.1	31.5%	
As a % of Network Sales	67.4%	70.6%	3.2 pp	69.4%	69.4%	0.1 pp	
Network Contribution	62.8	59.7	-5.0%	222.1	290.6	30.9%	
As a % of Network Sales	32.2%	29.7%	(2.5)pp	32.8%	32.7%	(0.1)pp	
Reported EBITDA (1)	41.7	33.4	(20.0)%	143.9	190.2	32.2%	
As a % of Network Sales	21.4%	16.6%	(4.8)pp	21.3%	21.4%	0.1 pp	
EBIT	27.6	21.3	-22.8%	104.3	156.5	50.2%	
As a % of Network Sales	14.2%	10.6%	(3.6)pp	15.4%	17.6%	2.2 pp	
Net income (1)	5.2	6.0	15.5%	25.4	89.4	252.5%	
PF Free cash flow (2)	42.7	(1.8)	(104.1)%	123.1	123.3	0.2%	
As a % of Reported EBITDA	102.3%	-4.8%	(107.1)pp	85.6%	64.8%	(20.8)pp	
PF Net debt (2)	(564.5)	(639.1)	(13.2)%	(564.5)	(639.1)	(13.2)%	
Leverage (PF Adjusted EBITDA /PF Net Debt) (1)	3.50x	3.34x	-0.2x	3.50x	3.34x	-0.2x	

<sup>(1)</sup> Network Sales, Reported EBITDA and Net income at Thom Group level

#### Increase of Reported EBITDA

- ◆ Limited impact of restrictions relating to the COVID-19 pandemic compared to FY 2021 (29% of store network was closed).
- → France benefited from the increase in brand attractiveness (favorite jewelry brand in France in 2021) and the development of omnichannel sales.
- ◆ Italy benefited from the reorganization of the salesforce, the development of a new offering and a new brand positioning.
- Continuous focus on profitability which allowed the Group to reach a 21.4% EBITDA rate as a percentage of Network Sales in FY 2022.

**GM Rate** increase by 3.2 pps mainly explained by the exceptional scraping in Italy and Germany in Q4 2021, and by a phasing effect of scrapings this year (spread throughout the year in FY 2022 vs. focused on Q4 2021 due to Covid lockdowns), not offset by the dilutive effect of BtoB activities (wholesale and affiliated partners) particularly as the wholesale activity is growing and has structurally lower margin than our BtoC activity (stores and ecommerce) and by the sales of precious metal.

**Net Income** increase in Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021 resulted from a lower income tax, lower financial interest and lower D&A not offset by lower EBITDA and higher non-recurring income.

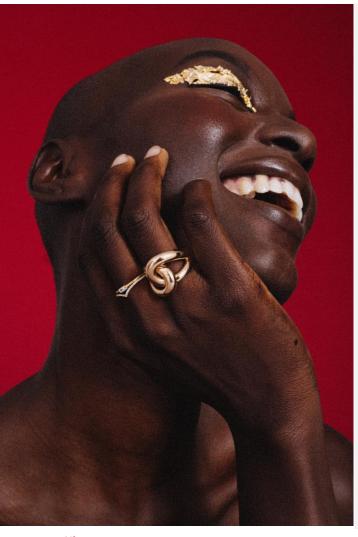
**Pro Forma Free Cash Flow** as a percentage of Pro Forma Reported EBITDA reached 64.8% in LTM ended September 30, 2022.

**Pro Forma Net Financial Debt** as of September 30, 2022 was in respect of the new SSN financing. Goldstory Pro Forma Net Financial Debt totalled €639.1m as of September 30, 2022, i.e. a leverage of 3.34x based on PF Adjusted EBITDA.

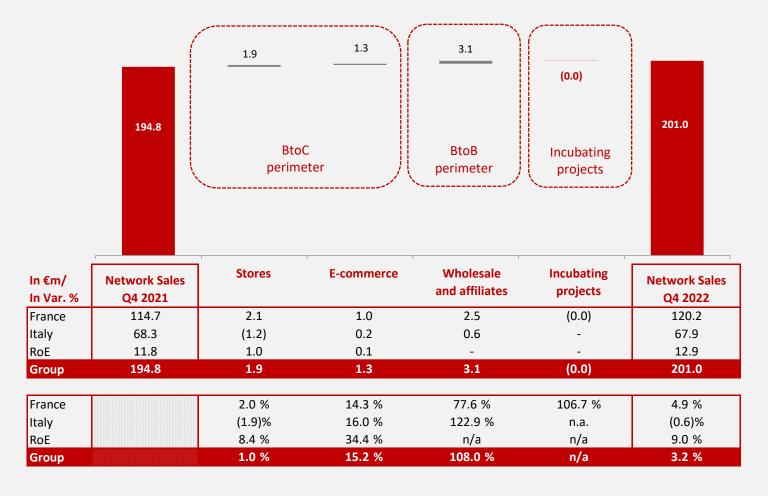
<sup>(2)</sup> PF EBITDA, PF FCF and PF Net Debt at Goldstory level

### Q4 2022 Financial Review – Network Sales Bridge

Overall increase in sales across distribution channels

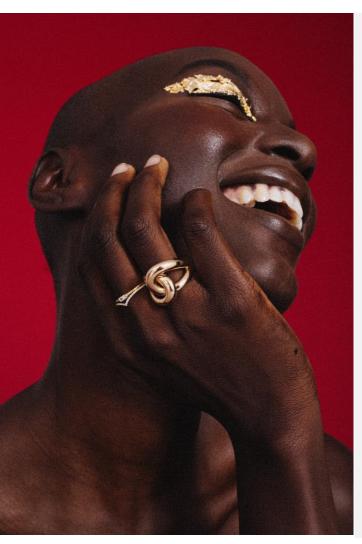


#### Network Sales bridge by distribution channel – Network Sales Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021

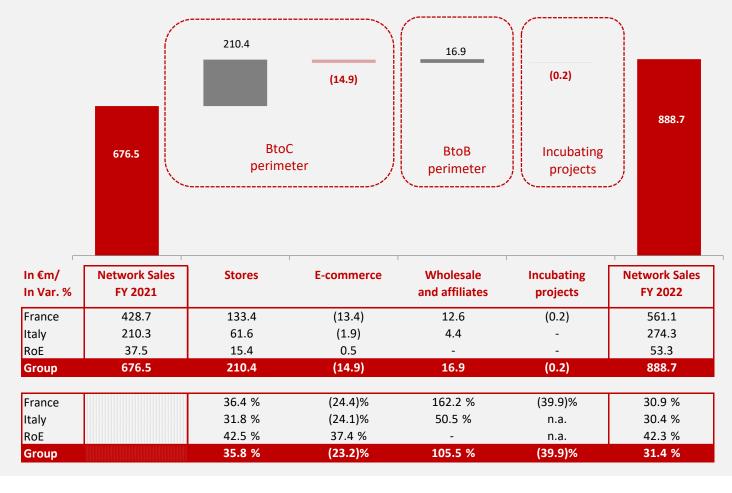


### FY 2022 Financial Review – Network Sales Bridge

Overall increase in sales across distribution channels, except e-commerce limited decrease after a boost of +116% in FY 2021 partly explained by limited restrictions in FY 2022 vs. 29% network closure in FY 2021.



Network Sales bridge by distribution channel – Network Sales FY 2022 vs. FY 2021

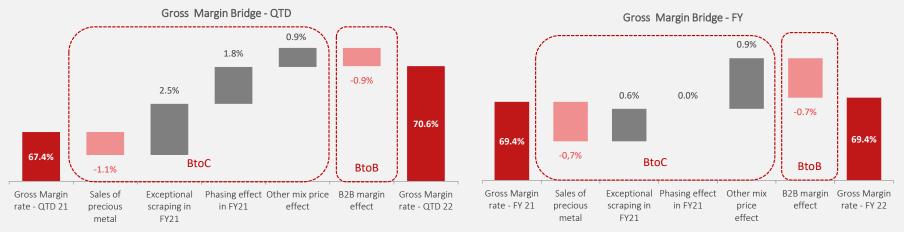


## Q4 2022/ FY 2022 Financial Review – Gross Margin Bridge GM Rate increase

from 67.4% in Q4 2021 to 70.6% was mainly due to an exceptional scraping in Q4 2021 and the phasing of recurring scraping focused in Q4 2021 due to Covid. GM rate remained stable in FY 2022 vs. FY 2021



Gross margin bridge – Gross margin Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021 and FY 2022 vs. FY 2021



In Q4 2022, the decrease in Gross Margin rate as a percentage of network sales, from 67.4% to 70.6%, was mainly explained by the exceptional scraping in Italy and Germany for +2.5pps, by the phasing of scrapping in FY 2021 focused in Q4 due to Covid restrictions whereas it was spread throughout the year in FY 2022 for +1.8pps, not offset by the dilutive effect of BtoB activities for -0.9pps (wholesale and affiliated partners) particularly as the wholesale activity is growing and has structurally lower margin than our BtoC activity (stores and ecommerce) and by the sales of precious metal for -1.1pps.

In FY 2022, the stable Gross Margin rate as a percentage of network sales, at 69.4%, is explained by the exceptional scrapping in FY 2021, offset by the dilutive effect of B2B activities and of sales of gold. The phasing effect has no impact on the Full Year Gross Margin rate.

## Q4 2022 Financial Review – Reported EBITDA Bridge

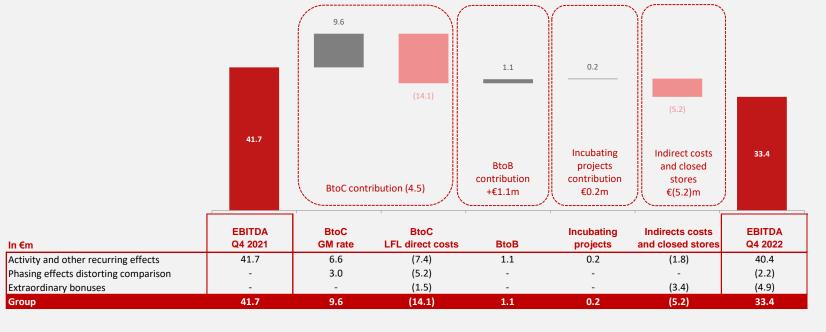
EBITDA decrease of €8.3m reduced to €1.4m after the restatement of phasing effects due to Covid19 in 2021 and extraordinary bonuses in 2022.



Reported EBITDA bridge – Reported EBITDA Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021

**BtoC : Direct sales to customers** (Stores, E-commerce)

**BtoB**: Wholesale and affiliates activities **Incubating projects:** Agatha, Popsell, Jools



## FY 2022 Financial Review – Reported EBITDA Bridge

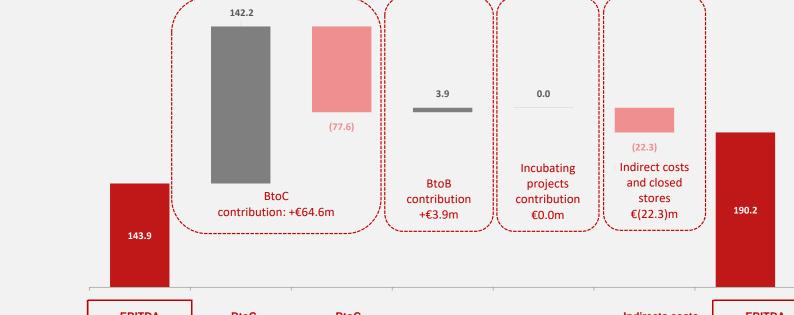
The increase in Reported EBITDA mainly resulted from the limited impact of Covid-19 restrictions (vs. 29% network closure in FY2021) and to the strong performance of stores which allowed the Group to reach a 21.4% EBITDA rate as a percentage of Network Sales.



Reported EBITDA bridge – Reported EBITDA FY 2022 vs. FY 2021

BtoC : Direct sales to customers (Stores, E-commerce)

**BtoB**: Wholesale and affiliates activities **Incubating projects:** Agatha, Popsell, Jools



In €m	EBITDA FY21	BtoC GM rate	BtoC LFL direct costs	BtoB	Incubating projects	Indirects costs and closed stores	EBITDA FY22
France	111.2	83.9	(52.5)	4.6	0.0	(15.7)	131.5
Italy	30.4	47.6	(20.4)	(0.6)	-	(5.6)	51.3
RoE	2.3	10.7	(4.7)	-	-	(0.9)	7.4
Group	143.9	142.2	(77.6)	3.9	0.0	(22.3)	190.2

## Q4 2022/ FY 2022 Financial Review – Selected Income Statement

The embedded growth of stores enhanced by sales synergies in Italy and brand attractiveness in France allowed the Group the reach 21.4% EBITDA in FY 2022.

#### Selected Income Statement

	Fourth Quarter				Full Year			
In €m	2021	2022	Var. %	2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %	
Network Sales	194.8	201.0	3.2 %	676.5	888.7	212.3	31.4 %	
Other Sales	26.6	12.5	(53.1)%	34.5	48.7	14.2	41.0 %	
Total Sales	221.5	213.5	(3.6)%	711.0	937.4	226.4	31.8 %	
Gross Margin	131.3	141.9	8.1 %	469.2	617.1	147.9	31.5 %	
As a % of Network sales	67.4%	70.6%	3.2 pp	69.4%	69.4%		0.1 pp	
Personnel expenses	(38.4)	(44.1)	14.7 %	(128.5)	(177.3)	(48.9)	38.0 %	
Rent & charges	(21.4)	(25.4)	18.5 %	(79.7)	(92.9)	(13.2)	16.6 %	
Marketing costs	(2.9)	(4.0)	39.7 %	(16.5)	(17.8)	(1.2)	7.4 %	
Taxes	(1.6)	(1.8)	9.3 %	(6.5)	(7.4)	(0.9)	13.6 %	
Overheads	(4.2)	(6.9)	66.5 %	(16.0)	(31.1)	(15.1)	94.8 %	
Total Network Direct Costs	(68.5)	(82.2)	20.0 %	(247.2)	(326.5)	(79.3)	32.1 %	
Network Contribution	62.8	59.7	(5.0)%	222.1	290.6	68.5	30.9 %	
As a % of Network sales	32.2%	29.7%	(2.5)pp	32.8%	32.7%		(0.1)pp	
Indirect Costs	(20.8)	(26.4)	26.8 %	(78.3)	(100.8)	(22.4)	28.7 %	
Closed Stores	(0.3)	0.0	(114.2)%	0.1	0.4	0.3	191.9 %	
Reported EBITDA	41.7	33.4	(20.0)%	143.9	190.2	46.3	32.2 %	
As a % of Network sales	21.4%	16.6%	(4.8)pp	21.3%	21.4%		0.1 pp	
Full Period of Stores opened during the period (a)				0.6	0.1			
COVID-19 Adjustment (b)				16.0	-			
Adjusted EBITDA				160.5	190.3			
As a % of Network sales				23.7%	21.4%			

#### **Total Sales**

- The increase in network sales resulted from the limited impact of Covid-19 restrictions compared to FY 2021 (29% network closing rate) and from the embedded growth of stores enhanced by sales synergies in Italy and brand attractiveness in France.
- Other sales mainly comprise sales of precious metals. The decrease in Q4 2022 is explained by a sale and buy-back operations with foundries for €17.4m in France in Q4 2021.

**GM Rate** remained stable at 69.4% in FY 2022 mainly due to the exceptional scraping in FY 2021 in Italy and Germany, offset by the dilutive impact of the development of BtoB activities (wholesale&partners) which structurally have lower margin than B2C activities and by the sales of precious metal.

Total Network Direct Costs increase vs. Q4 2021 is mainly explained by inflation for  $\in$ (7)m and to one off effects (i) a phasing effect due to Covid19 in 2021 of  $\in$ (5.2)m due to variable rents accrued in Q4 2022 ( $\in$ (2.5)m vs. none in Q4 2021) and the impact of subsidy received of  $\in$ (2.7)m in Q4 2021 and (ii) an extraordinary bonus of  $\in$ (1,5)m (Macron bonus) due to the exceptional FY 2022 results. In FY 2022, the increase is mainly explained by the full recovery of the activity compared to FY 2021, impacted by a 29% store closure rate (no impact of phasing effects).

Indirect Costs increase in Q4 2022 was mostly due to extraordinary bonus of  $\in$  (3.4)m and the investment in the new marketing campaign of Histoire d'Or ( $\in$  (1)m).

(a) Full-period effect of stores opened during the period represents the pro forma full-period effect of stores opened during the given period, assuming that the store opening took place on the first day of such period.

(b) As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the group has received, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, rent reductions negotiated with landlords for the lockdowns. All the credit notes that haven't yet been reclassed as extraordinary income in the statutory accounts, are reclassified at group level for adjusted EBITDA.



## Q4 2022/ FY 2022 Financial Review – Reported EBITDA to Net Income

Net Income increase in Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021 resulted from a lower income tax, lower financial interest and lower D&A not offset by lower EBITDA and higher non-recurring income.

#### Reported EBITDA to Net Income

	Fou	urth Quarte	er	Full Year			
In €m	2021	2022	Var. %	2021	2022	Var. %	
Reported EBITDA	41.7	33.4	(20.0)%	143.9	190.2	32.2%	
Depreciation, amortisation & provisions, net	(13.9)	(11.4)	17.5 %	(37.6)	(30.6)	18.5 %	
Business tax (CVAE)	(0.5)	(0.5)	2.3 %	(2.0)	(2.6)	(33.4)%	
Contribution of closed stores	0.3	(0.0)	(114.2)%	(0.2)	(0.4)	(162.2)%	
Operating Income	27.6	21.3	(22.7)%	104.3	156.5	50.2 %	
Financial income (expense)	(11.8)	(8.6)	27.1 %	(49.9)	(30.6)	38.7 %	
Income (expense) from recurring operations	15.8	12.7	(19.3)%	54.3	126.0	131.8 %	
Non-recurring income (expense)	(0.6)	(2.2)	(253.4)%	(13.4)	3.9	129.0 %	
Income tax	(10.0)	(4.6)	54.0 %	(15.6)	(40.7)	(161.0)%	
Non-controlling interests	0.0	0.1	n/a	0.0	0.2	n/a	
Net income (loss)	5.2	6.0	16.9 %	25.4	89.4	252.5 %	

#### Change in Depreciation, amortization and provisions net of provision reversals

- Change in depreciation, amortization and provisions net of provision reversals totaled €(11.4)m in Q4 2022 mainly composed of i) €(10.6) million in amortization and provision of fixed assets and (ii) a €0. million provision for inventories.
- The decrease of €2.4m, or 17.5%, from €(13.9)m in Q4 2021 is mainly due to (i) €8.2m net variation in provision for risks and charges mainly due to the amortization and provision of fixed assets mainly due to the lower amount of provision for leasehold in Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021 (impairment tests on leasehold impacted by Covid-19 pandemic) not offset by (ii) a €(5.7)m net variation of inventory provision due to a €4.8m reversal of provision in Q4 2021 after a high level of provision at the end of June 30, 2021 following a conservative view on the risks related to products not sold during lockdowns, compared to a normative level of provision for €(0.9)m in Q4 2022.

Financial income (expense) totaled €(8.6)m in Q4 2022, a decrease of €3.2m, from €(11.8)m in Q4 2021. The decrease was mainly attributable to the conversion, in September 2021, of the intercompany loan between Goldstory and Thom Group into capital increase for €175.0m.

Non-recurring expenses totaled €2.2m in Q4 2022, an increase of €1.5m, from €(0.6)m in Q4 2021. Full year the non recurring income in FY 2022 results from €9.2m subsidies and credit notes received in respect of Covid in FY 2022 related to prior year and €(4.4)m extraordinary amortization of former TLB financing issuance costs in FY 2021.

## Q4 2022 / FY 2022 Financial Review – Pro Forma Cash Flow at Goldstory

Adjusted PF Free Cash Flow as a percentage of Adjusted PF EBITDA reached 71.2% in FY ended September 2022, compared to 95.6% in FY 2021.

#### Adjusted Free Cash Flow at Goldstory Level

	Fou	rth Quarte	r	Full Year			
In€m	2021	2022	Var.	2021	2022	Var.	
GOLDSTORY Pro forma EBITDA	41.7	36.4	(5.4)	143.9	190.5	46.6	
Change in working capital	20.4	(13.6)	(34.0)	28.9	(6.1)	(35.0)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities (a)	(4.7)	(10.0)	(5.3)	(24.9)	(33.7)	(8.8)	
Other operating cash flow (b)	(14.8)	(14.5)	0.3	(24.7)	(27.3)	(2.6)	
GOLDSTORY Pro forma Free Cash Flow	42.7	(1.8)	(44.4)	123.1	123.3	0.2	
As % of Pro Forma EBITDA	102.3%	-4.8%	(107.1)pp	85.6%	64.8%	(20.8)pp	
Full Period of Stores opened during the period (c)				0.6	0.1	(0.6)	
COVID-19 Adjustment (d)				16.0	-	(16.0)	
Adjustments to PF EBITDA				16.6	0.1	(16.6)	
Discretionary Capital Expenditure Restatement				13.6	12.3	(1.3)	
GOLDSTORY Adjusted PF Free Cash Flow				153.4	135.7	(17.7)	
As % of Adjusted EBITDA				95.6%	71.2%	(24.4)pp	

- (a) (i) Acquisition of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets, (ii) Disposal of property, plant & equipment, intangible assets net of (iii) Change in working capital on fixed assets.
- (b) Includes cash impact of CVAE and closed stores adjustments, income tax paid and other non-recurring income and expenses.
- (c) Full-period effect of stores opened during the period represents the pro forma full-period effect of stores opened during the given period, assuming that the store opening took place on the first day of such period.
- (d) As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, the group has received, in the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, rent reductions negotiated with landlords for the lockdowns. All the credit notes that haven't yet been reclassed as extraordinary income in the statutory accounts, are reclassified at group level for adjusted EBITDA.

#### Goldstory Pro Forma Free Cash Flow

- Our free cash flow is seasonal, with a peak in December after the Christmas season once we have recorded payment for our products sold, and a low point in September to November reflecting inventory build-up ahead of the Christmas season. The main drivers of the seasonality of our free cash flows are Reported EBITDA, changes in working capital (mainly trade payables and, to a lesser extent, inventories) and capital expenditure.
- Pro forma Free cash flow in Q4 2022 decreased by €44m mainly due to (i) lower EBITDA for €(8)m, (ii) to the anticipation of Christmas inventory and to the building of a security stock in Q4 2022 to avoid potential supply and delivery issues for c. €(15)m, (iii) to Covid-19 related items for €(9)m and (iv) to the return to a normative level of Capex for c. €(9)m after a slow down of investments in FY 2021.

Goldstory Adjusted PF Free Cash Flow corresponds to Free Cash Flow restated for (i) Discretionary Capital Expenditure for €12.3 and (ii) adjustments between Reported and Adjusted EBITDA, mainly related to COVID-19 credit notes for FY 2021 and not yet reclassed to extraordinary income. Adjusted PF Free Cash Flow reached €135.7m in FY ended September 30, 2022, i.e. 71.2% as a percentage of Adjusted EBITDA.

## Q4 2022 / FY 2022 Financial Review – Pro Forma Working Capital & Capex

Pro Forma Change in working capital in Q4 2022 and FY 2022 was strongly impacted by the anticipation of Christmas inventories and the building of a security stock.

#### Pro Forma - Change in Working Capital

	Fou	irth Quarte	er	Full Year		
In €m	2021	2022	Var. m€	2021	2022	Var. m€
Inventories	9.7	(23.5)	(33.2)	(20.5)	(44.6)	(24.1)
Trade Receivables	0.3	0.4	0.1	(2.1)	(3.1)	(1.1)
Trade Payables	7.8	23.9	16.1	40.7	37.1	(3.7)
Trade Working Capital	17.8	0.8	(17.0)	18.2	(10.7)	(28.8)
Non-Trade Working Capital	2.6	(14.4)	(17.0)	10.7	4.6	(6.1)
Pro Forma - Change in Working Capital	20.4	(13.6)	(34.0)	28.9	(6.1)	(35.0)

The change in working capital pro forma decreased by €34.0m in Q4 2022 vs. Q4 2021 and by €35.0m in FY 2022 vs. FY 2021 mainly explained by the anticipation of Christmas inventories, by the building of a security stock in order for the group to anticipate potential logistic issues ahead of the festive season and to ensure the good availability of products in stores and by an increase of products range width (new references) for €(15)m. Change in non trade working capital is due to the increase in operating taxes (including VAT) for €(9)m.

#### Pro Forma - Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

	Fou	urth Quarte	er	Full Year		
In €m	2021	2022	Var. m€	2021	2022	Var. m€
Maintenance Capital Expenditure	(0.5)	(5.2)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(9.4)	(4.6)
Refurbishment Capital Expenditure	(2.1)	(3.0)	(0.8)	(4.7)	(7.2)	(2.5)
Expansion Capital Expenditure	(0.9)	(1.6)	(0.7)	(3.6)	(3.4)	0.2
Store Capital Expenditure	(3.5)	(9.8)	(6.3)	(13.0)	(19.9)	(7.0)
Shine 2020 - IT Project Capital Expenditure	(2.3)	(2.0)	0.3	(8.1)	(7.4)	0.7
Other Capital Expenditure	(1.4)	(4.0)	(2.7)	(6.5)	(12.0)	(5.5)
IT & Corporate Capital Expenditure	(3.7)	(6.0)	(2.3)	(14.6)	(19.3)	(4.7)
Pro Forma - Total Capital Expenditure	(7.2)	(15.8)	(8.6)	(27.6)	(39.3)	(11.7)
Disposal of fixed and intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.1	(0.7)
Change in working capital on fixed assets	2.5	5.8	3.3	2.0	5.5	3.6
Pro Forma - Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(4.7)	(10.0)	(5.3)	(24.9)	(33.7)	(8.8)

Net Cash Used in Investing activities increase by €(8.8)m in Q4 2022 compared to Q4 2021 mainly explained by the increase in store capex (group performed important refurbishment and maintenance work mainly in the last quarter) and the increase in IT and corporate capital expenditure (e-commerce replatforming and cash register software change in Italy) not offset by the change in working capital on fixed assets.

## Financial Review - Net Financial Debt Pro Forma (Goldstory)

Net Financial Debt at Goldstory level totaled €(639.1)m at September 30, 2022, i.e. a leverage of 3.34x based on Adjusted EBITDA.

Net Financial Debt – as of 30, 2022 and 2021, September 30, 2021

	As of Septe	ember	
In €m	2021	2022	Maturity
Senior Secured Notes	(620.0)	(620.0)	2026
Accrued interest on SSN	(2.8)	(2.8)	1 year
Revolving Credit Facility	(0.1)	(22.1)	2025
Finance leases	(1.2)	(0.7)	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	
Financial debt	(624.1)	(645.7)	
Cash and cash equivalent	59.7	6.6	
Net Financial Debt	(564.5)	(639.1)	
Net Financial Debt/ Adjusted EBITDA LTM	3.50x	3.34x	

**Net Financial debt** at September 30, 2022 and 2021 and at September 30, 2021 was in respect of the new financing.

The RCF line was drawn for €22.0 m as of September 30, 2022. €0.1 million is commission fees for non-utilization of RCF, accrued at September 30, 2022.

#### Dividend payment and repurchase of vendor loan

As announced in the Issuer's press release of 30 June 2022, the Parent, Altastory S.A.S., and the subscribers of the Vendor Bonds agreed to amend the terms of the Vendor Bonds to provide that a total shareholder distribution of €125 million would be permitted in exchange for an undertaking by the Parent to repurchase a total of €60 million in aggregate value of its Vendor Bonds.

The group proceeded with the following payments:

- Shareholder dividend distribution of €100m on 30 June 2022
- Repurchase of the Vendor Bonds for €10m on 30 June 2022 and €50 million on 30 August 2022

The group remains open to the possibility to distribute, in Q2 2023, the remaining €25m dividend authorized by the subscribers of the Vendor Bonds.

## Financial Review – Impact of inflation on FY 2023 fiscal year ••

Based on Gold (€56/gram), USD (1.05 USD/EUR), energy (300€/kw), and current trends on salary inflation and rental indexes, the impact of inflation is expected to be -2.0pp GM rate and -2.0pp EBITDA.

#### COGS (expected overall impact of c. -2.0pp GM rate)

- Gold: Due to an efficient coverage and Group ability to purchase gold in stores the impact of inflation on Gold is expected to be limited.
- USD: The Group is fully hedged for the two next years at a rate close to the FY22 rate.
- Goods: Inflation on other metals (silver, rhodium, platinum) is expected to impact our costs, as well as inflation on manufacturing costs.

Staff costs (expected decrease as a percentage of sales): The group has had a proactive salary / bonuses increase policy to retain and motivate its employees. The know how and the quality of our employees are key to continue the strong development of our brands. The development of sales and the optimization of the staff presence in stores is expected to allow the Group to decrease the weight of staff costs as a percentage of sales.

Rental costs (expected stable as a percentage of sales): Rental costs mainly follow public indexes based on inflation. The development of sales and the negotiation with landlords is expected to allow the Group to maintain the weight of rental costs as a percentage of sales.

Energy costs (-1.0pps as a percentage of sales): Energy costs are very limited as most of our stores are equipped with led lamps in the frame of our CSR policy. The inflation of energy is expected to represent -0.8pps.

**Transportation costs (no significant impact):** The products we sell are space saving and lightweight, we source most of our products from Europe and when they are sourced from outside Europe, they are flown in.

(\*) Actual results could differ from guidance and any deviation may be significant. Please refer to the Risk Factors section in the company's annual report for the financial year ended September 30, 2022 issued on February 8, 2021.



### Conclusion



#### Acceleration of growth in a context of limited sanitary restrictions in FY 2022

- Loyalty and unfailing commitment of all our staff in store, e-commerce, logistics and HQ
- Development of our brands portfolio attractiveness
- ▼ Reorganization of Italy to benefit from sales and purchasing synergies
- Strong focus on omnichannel



#### WeTHOM - CSF

- Launch of Carbon footprint full scope study
- Launch of a materiality assessment and a maturity audit
- → HQ in France has been redesigned to meet new expectations of employees on flex office.



#### Quick adaptation to a challenging context

- Build up of stock to secure sourcing for Christmas
- Adaptation of hedge policy to limit the effects of inflation on Gold
- Rescheduling of our hedges to cover the Group's needs in USD at 1.10 USD/EUR until September 2024 (former hedges were 12 months only).



#### Publication of FY 2022 Annual Report

The FY 2022 Annual Report will be available on January 27, 2022, on our corporate website



#### Focus on Gains of market shares in our main geographies

▼ In a context of strong price increases we have decided to limit our selling price increases, after testing, to benefit from gain in market shares.



#### Q1 2023 Results

Q1 results announcement and Investors call on March 1, 2023

## 3 Q1 2023 Current Trading

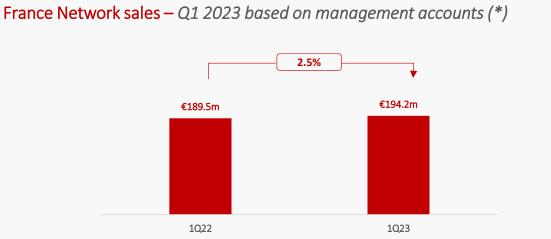




## Q1 2023 – Current trading

Remarkable performance accross the board in Q1 2023. France was significantly impacted by the football world cup matches on key business day (Saturday 10 and Sunday 18, December)





Italy Network sales – Q1 2023 based on management accounts (\*)







4 Q&A





# 5 Appendices





# Income Statement THOM GROUP – September 30, 2022 (Audited)

		Fourth Quarter				Full Year			
In €m		2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %	2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %
Total Sales	a)	221.5	213.5	(8.0)	(3.6)%	711.0	937.4	226.4	31.8%
Other operating income	b)	4.5	4.7	0.3	5.8%	17.9	9.6	(8.3)	(46.4)%
Cost of goods sold	c)	(89.7)	(70.6)	19.1	21.3%	(241.0)	(319.1)	(78.1)	(32.4)%
Personnel expenses	g)	(51.2)	(57.1)	(5.9)	(11.5)%	(173.8)	(232.6)	(58.8)	(33.8)%
Direct and indirect operating costs	h)	(41.4)	(55.5)	(14.1)	(34.1)%	(164.3)	(198.6)	(34.3)	(20.9)%
Taxes and duties	i)	(2.1)	(2.2)	(0.1)	(4.2)%	(8.0)	(9.5)	(1.6)	(19.7)%
Depreciation, amortisation & provisions, Net	j)	(13.9)	(11.4)	2.4	17.5%	(37.6)	(30.6)	6.9	18.5%
Operating income	f)	27.6	21.3	(6.3)	(22.8)%	104.3	156.5	52.3	50.2%
Financial income (expense)	k)	(11.8)	(8.6)	3.2	27.1%	(49.9)	(30.6)	19.3	38.7%
Income (expense) from recurring operations		15.8	12.7	(3.1)	(19.7)%	54.3	126.0	71.6	131.8%
Non-recurring income (expense)	l)	(0.6)	(2.2)	(1.5)	(253.4)%	(13.4)	3.9	17.3	129.0%
Income tax	m)	(10.0)	(4.6)	5.4	54.0%	(15.6)	(40.7)	(25.1)	(161.0)%
Non-controlling interests		0.0	0.1	0.1	n/a	0.0	0.2	0.2	n/a
Net income (loss)		5.2	6.0	0.8	15.5%	25.4	89.4	64.0	252.5%



# Income Statement THOM GROUP – September 30, 2022 P&L by quarter

			2021					2022		
In €m	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21	4Q21	FY21	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	FY22
Total Sales	239.6	106.3	143.6	221.5	711.0	320.2	185.8	217.9	213.5	937.4
Other operating income	2.8	4.5	6.1	4.5	17.9	1.8	1.7	1.4	4.7	9.6
Cost of goods sold	(73.3)	(33.7)	(44.3)	(89.7)	(241.0)	(105.7)	(63.0)	(79.8)	(70.6)	(319.1)
Personnel expenses	(47.9)	(36.6)	(38.1)	(51.2)	(173.8)	(63.1)	(58.6)	(53.7)	(57.1)	(232.6)
Direct and indirect operating costs	(43.7)	(38.1)	(41.1)	(41.4)	(164.3)	(49.7)	(50.9)	(42.5)	(55.5)	(198.6)
Taxes and duties	(2.2)	(1.5)	(2.2)	(2.1)	(8.0)	(2.6)	(2.3)	(2.5)	(2.2)	(9.5)
Depreciation, amortisation & provisions, Net	(11.2)	(10.5)	(1.9)	(13.9)	(37.6)	(5.1)	(6.2)	(7.9)	(11.4)	(30.6)
Operating income	64.1	(9.6)	22.1	27.6	104.3	95.9	6.6	32.8	21.3	156.5
Financial income (expense)	(12.9)	(14.2)	(11.0)	(11.8)	(49.9)	(7.5)	(7.3)	(7.2)	(8.6)	(30.6)
Income (expense) from recurring operations	51.2	(23.8)	11.2	15.8	54.3	88.3	(0.7)	25.6	12.7	126.0
Non-recurring income (expense)	(7.7)	(2.7)	(2.3)	(0.6)	(13.4)	(1.4)	5.6	1.8	(2.2)	3.9
Income tax	(12.9)	9.6	(2.2)	(10.0)	(15.6)	(24.6)	(3.8)	(7.7)	(4.6)	(40.7)
Non-controlling interests	(0.0)	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
Net income (loss)	30.5	(17.0)	6.6	5.2	25.4	62.4	1.2	19.7	6.0	89.4
Reported EBITDA (*)	76.1	1.3	24.3	41.7	143.9	101.5	13.2	41.3	33.4	190.2
(*) the annual closed stores restatement doesn't not	t equal the sum o	of the quarte	rly closed sto	ores restater	nent, hence,	the gap in the	sum of quar	ter compared	d to the ann	ual EBITDA
% of closed stores on average	33%	48%	39%	0%	29%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%



# Cash Flow Statement THOM GROUP – September 30, 2022 (Audited)

In €m		Quarter		Full Year				
	2021	2022	in m€	in %	2021	2022	in m€	in %
Reported EBITDA	41.7	33.4	(8.4)	(20.1%)	143.9	190.2	46.3	32.2%
Business tax (CVAE) & store closure expenses	(0.2)	(0.6)	(0.4)	(152.8%)	(2.1)	(3.1)	(0.9)	(43.7%)
Change in working capital (includ. employee profit sharing paid)	19.3	(9.7)	(29.0)	(150.1%)	30.4	(4.3)	(34.7)	(114.2%)
Income tax paid	(11.8)	(10.0)	1.8	15.6%	(15.0)	(29.3)	(14.3)	(95.6%)
Other non-recurring income (expenses)	(0.0)	(3.6)	(3.5)	(10456.5%)	(4.5)	6.1	10.7	234.9%
Net cash provided by operating activities	49.0	9.5	(39.4)	(80.5%)	152.6	159.7	7.0	4.6%
Acquisition of tangible, intangible assets	(7.2)	(15.8)	(8.6)	(119.7%)	(27.6)	(39.3)	(11.7)	(42.4%)
Disposal of tangible, intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	1161.9%	0.8	0.1	(0.7)	(89.8%)
Change in working capital on fixed assets	2.7	5.8	3.0	110.3%	2.0	5.5	3.6	180.7%
Net cash used in investing activities	(4.4)	(10.0)	(5.5)	(125.1%)	(24.9)	(33.7)	(8.8)	(35.5%)
Free Cash Flow	44.5	(0.4)	(45.0)	(100.9%)	127.8	126.0	(1.8)	(1.4%)
As a % of Reported EBITDA	106.7%	-1.2%		(107.9)pp	88.8%	66.2%		(22.6)pp
Interest paid on Term Loan B and RCF	(0.8)	(0.0)	0.8	99.9%	(15.5)	(0.0)	15.5	100.0%
Interest paid on Proceeds and Intercompany loans	(16.9)	(11.4)	5.5	32.7%	(19.7)	(28.7)	(8.9)	(45.2%)
Other interest paid	(0.9)	(0.0)	0.8	94.5%	(0.9)	(0.2)	0.7	77.0%
Other cash flows used in financing activities	(3.5)	(1.8)	1.7	n/a	(7.8)	(2.7)	5.1	n/a
Net cash used in financing activities	(22.2)	(13.2)	8.9	40.2%	(44.0)	(31.6)	12.4	28.2%
Net cash before change in debt, specific events and RCF	22.4	(13.7)	(36.0)	(161.0%)	83.8	94.4	10.6	12.7%
Revolving credit facilities, Net of Repayment	(90.0)	22.0	112.0	124.4%	(89.8)	22.0	111.8	124.5%
Net cash before change in debt & specific events, after RCF	(67.6)	8.3	76.0	112.3%	(6.0)	116.4	122.4	2025.5%
Change in Debt	(175.0)	-	175.0	100.0%	(299.0)	-	299.0	100.0%
Financing cost	-	-	-	n/a	(1.4)	-	1.4	100.0%
FY21 refinancing and change in shareholders	(175.0)	-	175.0	100.0%	(300.4)	-	300.4	100.0%
Equity Injection	175.0	-	(175.0)	(100.0%)	175.0	-	(175.0)	(100.0%)
Goldstory current account	(0.8)	(52.8)	(52.0)	(6650.0%)	(2.8)	(136.3)	(133.5)	(4854.1%)
Dividend paid to Goldstory	-	0.0	0.0	n/a	-	(30.1)	(30.1)	n/a
Agatha acquisition	(0.3)	-	0.3	100.0%	(3.3)	-	3.3	100.0%
Popsell Acquisition	(0.1)	-	0.1	100.0%	(1.9)	-	1.9	100.0%
Venson Paris Acquisition	(2.0)	-	2.0	100.0%	(2.0)	-	2.0	100.0%
Specific events	171.8	(52.8)	(224.6)	(130.7%)	165.0	(166.4)	(331.4)	(200.9%)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(70.8)	(44.4)	26.4	37.2%	(141.4)	(50.0)	91.3	64.6%



# Cash Flow Statement GOLDSTORY Pro forma – September 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

In €m		Full Year						
	2021	2022	in m€	in %	2021	2022	in m€	in %
Reported EBITDA	41.7	36.4	(5.4)	(12.9%)	143.9	190.5	46.6	32.4%
Business tax (CVAE) & store closure expenses	0.2	(0.6)	(0.7)	(468.8%)	(2.1)	(3.1)	(0.9)	(43.7%)
Change in working capital (includ. employee profit sharing paid)	20.4	(13.6)	(34.0)	(166.7%)	28.9	(6.1)	(35.0)	(121.2%)
Income tax paid	(11.8)	(10.0)	1.8	15.5%	(15.0)	(29.3)	(14.3)	(95.8%)
Other non-recurring income (expenses)	(3.1)	(4.0)	(0.8)	(27.0%)	(7.6)	5.0	12.7	166.0%
Net cash provided by operating activities	47.4	8.2	(39.1)	(82.7%)	148.0	157.0	9.0	6.1%
Acquisition of tangible, intangible assets	(7.2)	(15.8)	(8.6)	(119.8%)	(27.6)	(39.3)	(11.7)	(42.4%)
Disposal of tangible, intangible assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	1161.9%	0.8	0.1	(0.7)	(89.8%)
Change in working capital on fixed assets	2.5	5.8	3.3	130.3%	2.0	5.5	3.6	180.7%
Net cash used in investing activities	(4.7)	(10.0)	(5.3)	(113.8%)	(24.9)	(33.7)	(8.8)	(35.5%)
Free Cash Flow	42.7	(1.8)	(44.4)	(104.1%)	123.1	123.3	0.2	0.2%
As a % of Reported EBITDA	102.3%	-4.8%		(107.1)pp	85.6%	64.8%		(20.8)pp
Interest paid on Term Loan B and RCF	(0.9)	(0.2)	0.7	79.5%	(15.8)	(0.9)	14.9	(94.5%)
Interest on SSN	(14.9)	(13.6)	1.4	9.3%	(19.4)	(33.9)	(14.5)	74.7%
Other interest paid	(0.9)	(0.0)	0.8	94.5%	(0.9)	(0.2)	0.7	(77.0%)
Other cash flows used in financing activities	(2.2)	(1.7)	0.5	21.3%	(6.5)	(2.9)	3.6	n/a
Net cash used in financing activities	(18.9)	(15.5)	3.4	18.1%	(42.6)	(37.9)	4.7	(11.1%)
Net cash before change in debt and specific events	23.8	(17.3)	(41.0)	(172.7%)	80.5	85.5	4.9	6.1%
Revolving credit facilities, Net of Repayment	(90.0)	22.0	112.0	124.4%	(89.8)	22.0	111.8	(124.5%)
Net cash before change in debt and specific events	(66.3)	4.7	71.0	107.2%	(9.3)	107.5	116.7	(1260.6%)
Change in Debt	-	-	-	n/a	55.0	-	(55.0)	(100.0%)
Financing cost	1.6	-	(1.6)	(100.0%)	(19.6)	-	19.6	(100.0%)
Thom Group acquisition	-	-	-	n/a	(514.7)	-	514.7	(100.0%)
Reimbursement of FG loans	-	-	-	n/a	(1.5)	-	1.5	(100.0%)
FY21 Group refinancing	1.6	-	(1.6)	(100.0%)	(480.8)	-	480.8	(100.0%)
Equity injection	0.0	-	(0.0)	(100.0%)	359.9	-	(359.9)	(100.0%)
Dividend payment to Altastory	-	(50.0)	(50.0)	n/a	-	(160.6)	(160.6)	n/a
Agatha acquisition	(0.3)	-	0.3	100.0%	(3.3)	-	3.3	(100.0%)
Popsell Acquisition	(0.1)	-	0.1	100.0%	(1.9)	-	1.9	(100.0%)
Venson Paris Acquisition	(2.0)	-	2.0	100.0%	(2.0)	-	2.0	(100.0%)
Specific events	(2.4)	(50.0)	(47.6)	(2008.0%)	352.6	(160.6)	(513.2)	(145.5%)
	(67.0)	(45.3)	21.7		(137.4)	(53.1)	84.3	



## BRIDGE CFS THOM - Pro Forma CFS GOLDSTORY – September 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

In €m	THOM GROUP	Operating GS	Interco (GS/THG)	SSN Impact	Non-used RCF interests	Change in equity	GOLDSTORY PROFORMA
	2022.09						2022.09
Reported EBITDA	190.2	0.2	-	-	-	-	190.5
Business tax (CVAE) & store closure expenses	(3.1)						(3.1)
Change in working capital (includ. employee profit sharing paid)	(4.3)	(1.8)					(6.1)
Income tax paid	(29.3)						(29.3)
Other non-recurring income (expenses)	6.1	` ,					5.0
Net cash provided by operating activities	159.7	(2.7)	-	-	-	-	157.0
Acquisition of tangible, intangible assets	(39.3)	(0.0)					(39.3)
Disposal of tangible, intangible assets	0.1						0.1
Change in working capital on fixed assets	5.5	-					5.5
Net cash used in investing activities	(33.7)	(0.0)	-	-	-	-	(33.7)
Free Cash Flow	126.0	(2.7)	-	-	-	-	123.3
As a % of Reported EBITDA	80.8%						64.8%
Interest paid on RCF	-				(0.9)		(0.9)
Interest paid on Proceeds and Intercompany loans	(28.7)		28.7				-
Interest on SSN	-			(33.9)			(33.9)
Other interest paid	(0.2)						(0.2)
Other cash flows used in financing activities	(2.7)	(0.1)					(2.9)
Net cash used in financing activities	(31.6)	(0.1)	28.7	(33.9)	(0.9)	-	(37.9)
Net cash before change in debt, specific events and RCF	94.4	(2.8)	28.7	(33.9)	(0.9)	-	85.5
Revolving credit facilities, Net of Repayment	22.0	-	-	-	-		22.0
Net cash before change in debt & specific events, after RCF	116.4	(2.8)	28.7	(33.9)	(0.9)	-	107.5
FY21 refinancing and change in shareholders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid to Altastory						(160.6)	(160.6)
Dividend paid to Goldstory	(30.1)		30.1				-
Goldstory current account	(136.3)		136.3				-
Specific events	(166.4)	-	166.4	-	-	(160.6)	(160.6)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(50.0)	(2.8)	195.1	(33.9)	(0.9)	(160.6)	(53.1)



# Balance Sheet - THOM GROUP (Audited)

Cash & Cash equivalents

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In €m	2022	2021	Var.
Intangible assets	648.7	645.8	2.8
o/w Goodwill	363.0	367.6	(4.6)
Tangible assets	67.9	68.9	(1.0)
Financial assets	24.4	22.5	1.9
Fixed assets	741.0	737.3	3.7
Inventories	260.3	216.4	43.9
Trade and related acc. receivables	14.6	11.1	3.5
Other receivables and adjustment accounts	209.1	74.0	135.1
Marketable securities	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cash	17.2	55.7	(38.6)
Current assets	501.3	357.2	144.0
Total assets	1,242.2	1,094.5	147.7
Share capital	365.6	365.6	0.0
Share premium	68.0	68.0	0.0
Consolidated reserves and net income	14.5	(43.1)	57.6
Currency translation reserves	0.1	0.0	0.1
Shareholder's equity	448.2	390.5	57.7
Non-controlling interests	1.5	2.0	(0.5)
Provisions	12.6	13.6	(1.0)
Financial debts	512.3	470.1	42.2
Trade and related accounts payables	153.2	113.1	40.2
Other liabilities and adjustement accounts	114.4	105.3	9.1
Current Liabilities	780.0	688.5	91.5
Total liabilities	1,242.2	1,094.5	147.7



## Other reconciliations

#### **Total Sales**

		Fourth Quarter				Full Year			
In €m	2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %	2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %	
Network sales	194.8	201.0	6.2	3.2%	676.5	888.7	212.3	31.4%	
Sales of precious metals	26.0	11.3	(14.7)	(56.6%)	32.5	45.9	13.4	41.4%	
Invoicing to suppliers	0.2	0.2	0.1	46.1%	1.0	1.2	0.2	19.9%	
Purchasing & logistics services	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0%	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0%	
Other	0.3	0.9	0.5	145.8%	0.6	1.1	0.5	84.5%	
Other Sales	26.6	12.5	(14.1)	(53.1%)	34.5	48.7	14.2	41.0%	
Total Sales	221.5	213.5	(8.0)	(3.6%)	711.0	937.4	226.4	31.8%	

#### **Gross Margin**

	Fourth Quarter				Full Year			
In €m	2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %	2021	2022	Var. m€	Var. %
Network sales	194.8	201.0	6.2	3.2%	676.5	888.7	212.3	31.4%
Sales of precious metals	26.0	11.3	(14.7)	(56.6)%	32.5	45.9	13.4	41.4%
Invoicing to suppliers	0.2	0.2	0.1	46.1%	1.0	1.2	0.2	19.9%
Purchasing & logistics services - reinvoicing	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0%	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0%
Other - reinvoicing	0.3	0.9	0.5	145.8%	0.6	1.1	0.5	84.5%
Total Sales	221.5	213.5	(8.0)	(3.6%)	711.0	937.4	226.4	31.8%
Cost of goods sold	(89.7)	(70.6)	19.1	21.3%	(241.0)	(319.1)	(78.1)	(32.4%)
Costs reinvoiced	(0.4)	(1.0)	(0.5)	(113.1%)	(0.7)	(1.2)	(0.4)	(60.9%)
Gross Margin	131.3	141.9	10.6	8.1%	469.2	617.1	147.9	31.5%
As a % of network sales	67.4%	70.6%		319.6	69.4%	69.4%		7.1



### Contact



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## Thank you



